



United Parcel Service Inc. (UPS)

Vote Yes: Item #6 – Shareholder Proposal Requesting Annual Diversity and Inclusion Efforts Report Annual Meeting: May 2nd, 2024

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THE RESOLUTION

Resolved: Shareholders request that United Parcel Service ("UPS") report to shareholders on the effectiveness of the Company's diversity, equity, and inclusion efforts. The report should be done at reasonable expense, exclude proprietary information, and provide transparency on outcomes, using quantitative metrics for hiring, retention, and promotion of employees, including data by gender, race, and ethnicity.

Supporting Statement: Quantitative data is sought so that investors can assess and compare the effectiveness of companies' diversity, equity, and inclusion programs.

SUMMARY

Studies show significant barriers continue to exist for diverse employees seeking to advance within their careers. However, there exists a robust link between workforce and management diversity and corporate performance. Ineffective workplace diversity and inclusion policies can entrench homogeneity, generating competitive and legal risks. As a result, investors need quantitative, comparable data to understand the effectiveness of companies' diversity and inclusion policies.

Unfortunately, UPS is lagging behind its peers with respect to such disclosures, resulting in the absence of comparable, consistent, and decision-useful data from which investors can draw meaningful conclusions. Additional disclosure is necessary.

While UPS does release some workforce diversity data, the information it releases is "snapshot" data, akin to a balance sheet, which details workforce diversity at a single point in time. This provides little longitudinal information about the effectiveness of the Company's diversity and inclusion policies. Just as a balance sheet would, by itself, be insufficient to identify the strength of a company's financials, so too is workforce diversity data, by itself, insufficient in assessing the effectiveness of a company's human capital management initiatives. Instead, as the Proposal requests, investors need quantitative metrics for hiring, retention, and promotion of employees that can demonstrate the route that UPS has taken to achieve its current workforce diversity.

More nuanced data allows for a more accurate understanding of companies' ability to benefit from human capital diversity. For example, one company may have a diverse workforce supported by and committed to the organization, with little turnover, but operating within a region or industry with limited diverse individuals to draw from. It would, therefore, be expected to have a low hiring rate, but reassuring promotion and retention rate data. Another company may have workforce diversity data which appears "better" than the first company, but if it has high hiring and high attrition rates, investors



would have reason to be concerned that ineffective DEI initiatives are leading to significant unnecessary costs being borne to recruit and train diverse employees and that litigation risk may exist.

Quantitative data demonstrating the effectiveness of UPS’s diversity and inclusion programs will provide investors with critical information about the Company’s workforce management. Such data would demonstrate if a sufficient pipeline of talent is being hired, if that talent is being effectively stewarded through the Company, and if diverse employees remain at the organization. It may also tell other stories: of weak recruiting, stagnation, or a brain drain. This information will help shareholders judge the Company’s value and risk compared to its peers.

RATIONALE FOR A YES VOTE

1. Research shows a link between management diversity and corporate financial performance.
2. Corporate policies that allow harassment and discrimination undermine business success.
3. UPS’s DEI reporting significantly lags peers.

DISCUSSION

1. Research shows a link between management diversity and corporate financial performance.

Companies who are intentional about their diversity, equity, and inclusion programs and practices are more likely to outperform their peers financially.

An *As You Sow* and Whistle Stop Capital report, “Capturing the Diversity Benefit” released in November 2023, reviewed 1,641 companies’ demographic workforce data (EEO-1 reports) by sex, race, and ethnicity from 2016-2021. The researchers found statistically significant positive correlations between increased management diversity and corporate financial performance across eight different financial indicators: enterprise value growth rate, free cash flow per share, income after tax, long-term growth mean, 10-year share price change, mean return on equity (ROE), return on invested capital (ROIC), and 10-year total revenue compound annual growth rate (CAGR).¹

In addition, research consistently indicates that companies with diverse teams have better management, stronger long-term growth prospects, and see improved share value. These studies include:

¹ <https://www.asyousow.org/report-page/2023-capturing-the-diversity-benefit>



- McKinsey’s research² indicates that companies with both gender and racial diversity in executive teams have an increased likelihood of above-average profitability. As it writes, “Companies in the top quartile for board-gender diversity are 27 percent more likely to outperform financially than those in the bottom quartile. Similarly, companies in the top quartile for ethnically diverse boards are 13 percent more likely to outperform than those in the bottom quartile.”
- World Economic Forum research shows that companies with above-average diversity scores drive 45 percent average revenue from innovation, while companies with below-average diversity scores drive only 26 percent of average revenue from innovation.³
- A survey of almost 13,000 enterprises in 70 countries produced by the International Labor Organization finding that “businesses with genuine gender diversity, particularly at senior level, perform better, including seeing significant profit increases... More than 57 percent of respondents agreed that gender diversity initiatives improved business outcomes.”⁴

American Banker,⁵ PwC,⁶ *Bloomberg*,⁷ and others have also emphasized the importance of diversity, equity, and inclusion to a company’s financial performance, while other observers have noted the strong interest employees have in working for diverse companies and within diverse teams.⁸

2. Corporate policies that allow harassment and discrimination undermine business success

Researchers have identified the benefits of diverse and inclusive teams: access to top talent, better understanding of consumer preferences, a stronger mix of leadership skills, informed strategy discussions, and improved risk management. Diversity, and the different perspectives it encourages, has also been shown to encourage more creative and innovative workplace environments.⁹

² <https://www.mckinsey.com/featured-insights/diversity-and-inclusion/diversity-matters-even-more-the-case-for-holistic-impact>

³ <https://online.uncp.edu/degrees/business/mba/general/diversity-and-inclusion-good-for-business>

⁴ https://www.ilo.org/global/about-the-ilo/newsroom/news/WCMS_701767/lang--en/index.htm

⁵ <https://www.americanbanker.com/diversity-&-inclusion-yields-strongest-returns>

⁶ <https://www.pwc.com/us/en/governance-insights-center/annual-corporate-directors-survey/assets/pwc-2017-annual-corporate--directors--survey.pdf>

⁷ <https://www.bloomberg.com/news/articles/2019-09-17/when-companies-improve-their-diversity-stock-prices-get-a-boost>

⁸ <https://www.purdueglobal.edu/blog/business/diversity-equity-inclusion-trends;>

<https://www.forbes.com/sites/forbeshumanresourcescouncil/2023/03/07/4-ctiical-dei-trends-to-watch-in-2023/?sh=1a60082a2f06>

⁹ https://images.forbes.com/forbesinsights/StudyPDFs/Innovation_Through_Diversity.pdf



By contrast, if the lack of diversity at a company is a result of prevalent harassment and discrimination — a question that can be at least partially answered by quantitative data on hiring, retention, and promotion rates — negative consequences abound. These include reduced employee morale and productivity, increased absenteeism, challenges in attracting talent, and difficulties in retaining talent. Employees directly experiencing workplace discrimination are also more likely to experience anxiety and depression, hindering their ability to contribute.¹⁰

The implications of a non-inclusive workplace go beyond directly impacted employees. In a Deloitte study, 80 percent of surveyed full-time employees said that inclusion was an important factor in their employer choice, and 72 percent said that they would consider leaving an employer for a more inclusive work environment.¹¹

Finally, companies have a continuing legal obligation to ensure a workplace free from harassment and discrimination on the basis of characteristics such as race, ethnicity, sex, and gender.¹² Ineffective diversity and inclusion policies may be indicative of broader issues within a company that contribute to potential legal liability and reputational damage.

Successful diversity and inclusion programs do not hire or promote employees *because of* their race, gender, or other diverse characteristic. Rather, well-implemented DEI initiatives ensure that an employee's race, gender, or other diverse characteristic *does not prevent them* from reaching the same career milestones, and ability to contribute to the company, as their non-diverse colleagues.

3. UPS's DEI reporting lags peers.

UPS lags its peers in the disclosure and transparency it provides to investors about diversity and inclusion. Large employers that provide, or have committed to provide, more inclusion factor data than UPS include, but are not limited to: Alphabet, Boeing, Comcast, CVS Health, Gap, General Motors, General Dynamics, Honeywell International, IBM, McDonald's, Microsoft, Procter & Gamble, Raytheon, Union Pacific, Walt Disney, and Walmart.

¹⁰ <https://www.apa.org/news/press/releases/stress/2015/impact>

¹¹ <https://www.prnewswire.com/news-releases/seventy-two-percent-of-working-americans-surveyed-would-or-may-consider-leaving-an-organization-for-one-they-think-is-more-inclusive-deloitte-poll-finds-300469961.html>

¹² <https://www.justice.gov/crt/laws-we-enforce>



Below are examples of inclusion factor data that UPS’s peers are disclosing, or have committed to disclose, as of March 10th, 2024:¹³

- **Hiring:** 231 companies disclose hiring rate data related to gender. 107 companies disclose hiring rate data related to race.
- **Promotion:** 87 companies disclose promotion rate data related to gender. 46 companies disclose promotion rate data related to race.
- **Retention:** 127 companies disclose retention rate data related to gender. 57 companies disclose retention rate data related to race.

Just as a company is expected to provide revenue data, rather than simply explaining a marketing strategy, investors need companies to provide DEI data, rather than just disclosing qualitative descriptions of DEI programs and policies. The data set would live in the Company’s existing sustainability or human capital data disclosures and would not require a separate special report as assumed by UPS’s Board in opposition to this proposal.¹⁴ For other companies, this data has typically taken up about 1 online page, if that.

CONCLUSION

A “Yes” vote is warranted. The Company has released insufficient information to assure investors that it is providing effective oversight of diversity, equity, and inclusion programs at UPS.

Vote “Yes” on this Shareholder Proposal #6

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For questions, please contact Meredith Benton, As You Sow, mbenton@asyousow.org

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¹³ <https://www.asyousow.org/our-work/social-justice/workplace-equity/data-visualization>

¹⁴ <https://www.sec.gov/ix?doc=/Archives/edgar/data/1090727/000109072724000018/ups-20240318.htm>